FINANCIAL STATEMENT JUNE 30, 2016

Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 June 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited each fiduciary fund type of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, as displayed in Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each fiduciary fund of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2016 on our consideration of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Magnuson, McHugh & Company, P.A.

November 10, 2016

Vlagnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

FINANCIAL SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The management's discussion and analysis of the Coeur d'Alene School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

State Revenue Increases for 2015-16 Fiscal Year

First reporting period enrollment increased 2.2% during the 2015-16 fiscal year as compared to the same reporting period in 2014-15. Increased enrollment, coupled with increases in entitlement revenue and salary-based revenue resulted in a \$2,554,265 increase in state revenues for the general fund.

General Fund Balance Decreases over the 2015-16 Fiscal Year

The School District's ending fund balance decreased by \$1,086,709 compared to the prior year. This decrease was due to a one time transfer of \$1,828,205 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to complete the Winton Elementary Construction Project. Excluding the transfer, General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$741,496.

At the close of the 2015-16 fiscal year, the \$4,496,310 fund balance consists of \$648,400 committed to contingency reserve and the remaining fund balance of \$3,847,910 is unassigned. The ending fund balance exceeds the minimum fund balance requirements outlined in Board policy 813.

Supplemental Property Tax Levy Revenue Represents 21.0% of General Fund Revenues

In the 2015-16 fiscal year, the School District's supplemental property tax levy generated \$15M, 22.75% of the total General Fund revenues for the 2015-16 fiscal year. This revenue comes from a 2-year supplemental property tax levy expiring in June 30, 2017. The School District board also passed an emergency levy of \$1,202,413 to provide additional revenue in the 2015-16 fiscal year.

REVENUE AND RESOURCES

Enrollment and Attendance - A key component in preparing the annual budget is a projection of funding from the State. The majority of this funding is based on a formula which measures average daily attendance (ADA). Enrollment is projected by utilizing a cohort model taking into account 2 year, 3 year, and 5 year averages. These numbers are also compared to a roll forward of Spring enrollment to the upcoming school year.

The School District's actual ADA generated 499.83 support units for the year, compared to 492.15 from the 2014-15 fiscal year. School Districts received \$23,868 per support unit in 2015-16, up from \$22,401 in 2014-15. The projection for support units for the 2016-17 fiscal year is 502.50.

State Support - State support revenue increased \$2.5M due to increased attendance in 2015-16, as well as an increase in non-statutory support allocations.

Bond Interest Stabilization Payment – In 2015-16, the School District received a bond interest stabilization payment of \$66,293. This revenue helps reduce the burden on the local property tax-payer for bond interest.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

EXPENDITURES

The most significant expenditure changes for the 2015-16 fiscal year include the following:

- Increased base salaries by 2.0% for all staff in all funds and maintained medical benefit contributions.
- Lease/Purchased six buses which replaced our fleet's oldest/high mileage buses.
- Increased certificated staff at the both the elementary and secondary grade levels to reduce class size averages.
- The School Board unanimously approved the purchase of new math materials for Grades K-12. \$1.0M of supplemental levy dollars were dedicated for this purchase.
- Completed a LED lighting energy project. The cost savings program replaced 35,000 traditional fluorescent lamps with high efficiency LED lamps. The project included energy rebates from Avista Utilities and Kootenai Electric.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The comprehensive annual financial report consists of three parts: 1) Management's Discussion and Analysis; 2) basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements; and 3) other required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District's financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information on a School District wide basis. The statements present a total view of the School District's finances. School District wide statements contain useful long-term information, as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the School District wide statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide further detailed explanations of selected areas addressed in the statements. In addition, they provide disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the School District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the School District's budget data for the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENTS

The district wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two School District wide statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position (the difference between the School District's assets and liabilities) are one way to measure the School District's overall financial position.

Increases or decreases in the School District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall financial condition of the School District, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, should be considered.

In the School District wide financial statements, the School District's activities are all classified as governmental activities. Governmental activities include all regular and special education, all educational support activities, administration, transportation, and food services. In addition, the School District reports internal service activities on a separate statement. Most of these activities are supported by property taxes and formula aid from the State of Idaho.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds and not on the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the School District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

The School District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like capital project funds).

Two Types of District Funds

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out; and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Governmental fund statements do not report on long-term commitments like those reported on the district wide statements. Therefore, an explanation of the differences between the governmental funds and the district wide statements is included as a separate statement.

Fiduciary Funds - The School District serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for student organizations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the district wide financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Table 1
Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,848,085	\$ 10,731,037
Receivables	11,651,317	9,850,281
Prepaid expenses	-	2,781
Inventory	88,146	88,146
Land	4,426,448	4,426,448
Construction in progress	2,261,240	10,182,871
Capital assets, (net of accumulated depreciation)	82,018,255	75,344,406
Total assets	111,293,491	110,625,970
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources	12,649,250	5,566,302
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,649,250	5,566,302
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	1,148,170	1,063,930
Accrued payroll and related costs	8,087,586	7,847,447
Interest payable	247,713	270,579
Long-term liabilities:	,	·
Due in one year	2,212,241	2,036,823
Due in more than one year	25,728,147	27,725,095
Net pension liability	19,312,655	6,421,171
OPEB obligation	81,504	181,337
Total liabilities	56,818,016	45,546,382
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources	12,850,606	15,151,378
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,850,606	15,151,378
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	60,961,539	60,400,462
Restricted for:	00,001,000	00,400,402
School lunch	212,505	29,251
Debt service	2,881,422	2,746,813
State and federal title programs	2,300,676	1,476,970
Other projects	100,000	100,000
Unrestricted	(12,182,023)	(9,258,984)
Total net position	\$ 54,274,119	\$ 55,494,512
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The School District calculation of net position uses an historical cost of school buildings. This method may not accurately reflect their true value, especially as it relates to our older structures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
REVENUES:				
Program Revenues:	A 0.400.747		A 0.040.454	
Charges for services	\$ 3,488,747		\$ 2,913,151	
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	9,379,405		8,644,109	
Capital grants and contributions	1,231		18,416	
Total program revenues	12,869,383	15.8%	11,575,676	15.5%
General Revenues:				
Taxes levied for general purposes	16,638,019		13,892,013	
Taxes levied for capital outlay	33,806		34,548	
Taxes levied for debt service	3,006,499		2,850,788	
Total property taxes	19,678,324		16,777,349	
State revenues	48,883,442		46,329,177	
Bond security funds	66,293		66,293	
Federal forest	65,162		66,537	
Total state and federal revenues	49,014,897	60.1%	46,462,007	62.1%
Other Revenues:				
Interest on investment earnings	40,175		28,309	
Gain/(loss) on disposition of assets	(4,993)		(22,275)	/
Total other revenues	35,182	0.0%	6,034	0.0%
Total Revenues	81,597,786	100.0%	74,821,066	100.0%
EXPENSES:				
Instructional services:				
Elementary programs	21,172,799		18,883,947	
Secondary programs	16,667,520		15,659,570	
Alternative school programs	1,150,531		1,147,239	
Exceptional child programs	8,270,522		7,934,567	
Activity programs Summer programs	1,380,225 84,423		1,381,511 173,128	
Detention programs	245,146		198,687	
Total instructional services	48,971,166	60.0%	45,378,649	60.6%
Support services:				
Pupil support	4,267,933		3,952,310	
General administration	3,891,472		4,090,982	
School administration	4,737,903		4,525,025	
Business operations	1,384,429		1,064,335	
Maintenance	6,628,191		6,423,694	
Transportation	2,645,906		2,687,077	
Security	558,906		461,701	
Other support services	1,737,582		1,230,551	
Total support services	25,852,322	31.7%	24,435,675	32.7%
Non-instructional services:				
Food services	3,638,772		3,620,844	
Community services	849,776		824,230	
Net amortization on premium/discount	98,212		(115,079)	
Change in OPEB obligation Change in net pension liability	(99,833)		(24,627)	
Unallocated actual PERSI contributions	3,761,028 (4,838,319)		(3,360,773)	
Total non-instructional services	(4,838,319) 3,409,636	4.2%	(4,650,130) (3,705,535)	-5.0%
Total Expenses	78,233,124	95.9%	66,108,789	88.4%
Change in net position	\$ 3,364,662	4.1%	\$ 8,712,277	11.6%
Change in het position	Ψ 0,007,002	7.170	Ψ 0,112,211	11.070

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As shown in Table 2, an analysis of the 2015-16 fiscal year activity was characterized by the following:

- School District Revenues Operating revenues increased by 9.0%
 - State revenues in the 2015-16 fiscal year increased due to an increase in support unit-driven revenues.
 - Property taxes levied increase reflects the approval of an emergency levy for 2015-16 and the increase of the district's supplemental levy revenues to the General Fund.
- **School District Expenditures** Increased salaries due to the 2015-16 negotiations settlement are reflected in increased expenditures throughout the budget.

Table 3
Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2016

	Ge	eneral Fund	O [.]	All ther Funds	Total	%
REVENUES:					 	
Property taxes	\$	16,617,546	\$	3,006,499	\$ 19,624,045	23.1%
Interest income		37,485		2,689	40,174	0.0%
Other local revenue		205,650		3,104,022	3,309,672	3.9%
State assistance and reimbursements		48,883,442		1,658,890	50,542,332	59.5%
Title programs and other federal revenue		· -		8,070,564	8,070,564	9.5%
Capital lease proceeds		_		514,752	514,752	0.6%
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		9,500	9,500	0.0%
Transfer in		176,590		2,655,047	 2,831,637	3.3%
Total revenues		65,920,713		19,021,963	 84,942,676	100.0%
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional services		41,477,947		4,729,042	46,206,989	54.4%
Support services		23,054,576		2,405,228	25,459,804	30.0%
Non-instructional services		-		4,467,386	4,467,386	5.3%
Capital outlay		153,215		1,169,627	1,322,842	1.6%
Principal retirement		-		2,144,569	2,144,569	2.5%
Interest		-		902,363	902,363	1.1%
Transfers out		2,321,684		542,107	 2,863,791	3.4%
Total expenditures		67,007,422		16,360,322	 83,367,744	98.1%
Net surplus (loss)	\$	(1,086,709)	\$	2,661,641	\$ 1,574,932	1.9%

Table 3 provides analysis of all governmental funds. Notable in this review are the following points:

• Total revenues (excluding other financing source and uses) in all governmental funds were \$81,586,787; \$7,048,775 more than the previous year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Table 4
Changes in Governmental Fund Balances
July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2016

	General	School Lunch	Debt Service	Plant Facilities	Other	Total
Fund Balance 6/30/2008	2,243,968	420,115	1,413,207	5,156,979	1,662,493	10,896,762
Increase (Decrease) FY 2009	831,934	209,459	304,450	(1,240,256)	930,538	1,036,125
Fund Balance 6/30/2009	3,075,902	629,574	1,717,657	3,916,723	2,593,031	11,932,887
Increase (Decrease) FY 2010	2,533,945	(67,823)	51,566	(3,878,087)	164,478	(1,195,921)
Fund Balance 6/30/2010	5,609,847	561,751	1,769,223	38,636	2,757,509	10,736,966
Increase (Decrease) FY 2011	2,007,742	(184,718)	(279,539)	(39,469)	652,530	2,156,546
Fund Balance 6/30/2011	7,617,589	377,033	1,489,684	(833)	3,410,039	12,893,512
Increase (Decrease) FY 2012	(12,650)	(170,357)	(1,271,593)	833	1,403,919	(49,848)
Fund Balance 6/30/2012	7,604,939	206,676	218,091	-	4,813,958	12,843,664
Increase (Decrease) FY 2013	(425,618)	15,300	30,584,131	-	699,817	30,873,630
Fund Balance 6/30/2013	7,179,321	221,976	30,802,222	-	5,513,775	43,717,294
Increase (Decrease) FY 2014	(348,278)	(186,922)	(18,709,675)	-	(1,542,024)	(20,786,899)
Fund Balance 6/30/2014	6,831,043	35,054	12,092,547	-	3,971,751	22,930,395
Increase (Decrease) FY 2015	(1,248,024)	(5,803)	(9,345,734)	(1,575,964)	306,594	(11,868,931)
Fund Balance 6/30/2015	5,583,019	29,251	2,746,813	(1,575,964)	4,278,345	11,061,464
Increase (Decrease) FY 2016	(1,086,709)	183,254	134,609	1,575,964	767,814	1,574,932
Fund Balance 6/30/2016	4,496,310	212,505	2,881,422	-	5,046,159	12,636,396

Table 4 provides an analysis of School District governmental fund balances from FY 2008 to FY 2016. Notable for the June 30, 2016 information are the following:

- The School District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$12,636,396. This is an increase of \$1,574,932 from the previous year.
- The General Fund has a balance of \$4,496,310, a \$1,086,709 decrease from prior year. As discussed in the financial highlights above, this decrease reflects a one-time transfer of \$1,828,205 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to complete the Winton Elementary Construction Project

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The School District adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. The budget is then often amended later in the fiscal year (typically in the spring) following determination of the first attendance period and certification of all levies on property taxes. State revenues are primarily driven through the measurement of attendance for the best 28 weeks of the school year. The attendance formula also generates salary and benefits support from the State. However, the School District still provides significant funding beyond the formula allowance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of the end of fiscal year 2016, the School District has invested approximately \$128,834,258 in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, library books, transportation equipment, and other equipment. The total accumulated depreciation on these assets amounts to \$40,128,315. Asset acquisitions for governmental activities include construction remodel projects, as well as funds to purchase school buses, computers and other instructional and support equipment.

Long-term Debt

During the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the School District issued Series A and B General Obligation Bonds for a total debt service of \$37,211,651. The proceeds of the bond are for multiple projects, as previously noted, district-wide. During the FY 2013-2014, the School District began payment on the principal. At the close of FY 2015-16, \$23,470,000 of the principal debt was outstanding. The debt of the School District is secured by an annual tax levy authorized by the patrons of the School District by a two-thirds majority vote in 2013.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Current known circumstances that will impact the School District's financial status in the future are:

- State Funding The 2015 legislative session continued a trend of positive changes for education funding. For the 2015-16 year, the support unit allocation increased to \$23,868, up from \$22,401.15 the previous fiscal year. The state is in "year two" of funding the teacher Career Ladder compensation table. The funding of the Career Ladder has given a boost to salary based revenue. However, the increase does not fully cover the district's employee costs. Our supplemental levy continues to be essential for the district to maintain educational programs. The state also added a number of statutory increases, some replacing programs from prior year. A key statutory allocation is for leadership awards The 2015-16 allocation for leadership awards was \$585,106 and directly funded certificated staff stipends.
- **Enrollment** Preliminary enrollment data shows a relatively flat enrollment for the 2016-17 fiscal year. The School District did not qualify for an emergency levy for 2016-17. However, we believe that flat enrollment is temporary. Enrollment models and local building activity show that future growth is likely to average 1.0% 3.0% per year.
- Long Range Planning The District Long Range Planning Committee continued its work during the 2015-16 fiscal year, The committee reviewed and updated the district's 10 year long range plan. The updates took into account enrollment projections, demographic trends, facility condition, projected facility utilization, and construction costs. The Long Range Planning Committee recommended that the district move forward with several construction projects to meet student growth projections and program needs. These projects include construction of a new elementary schools in the NW section of the district and renovations/additions for Coeur d'Alene High School, Lake City High School, and Lakes Magnet Middle School. Financing for these projects would be the issuance of General Obligation Bonds with a recommended election date of March 14, 2017.
- **Supplemental Levy** In March 2015, a \$15,000,000 supplemental levy was approved by the School District's voters for a 2-year period. This levy expires June 30, 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brian Wallace, Director of Finance & Operations, Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, 1400 North Northwood Center Court, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, 83814, (208) 664-8241.

FINANCIAL SECTION BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,848,085
Receivables	11,651,317
Inventory	88,146
Land	4,426,448
Construction in progress	2,261,240
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	82,018,255
Total assets	111,293,491
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources	12,649,250
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,649,250
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,148,170
Accrued payroll and related costs	8,087,586
Interest payable	247,713
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	
Capital lease payable	177,241
Bonds payable	2,035,000
Due in more than one year	
Capital lease payable	647,420
Bonds payable	24,884,743
Compensated absenses	195,984
Net pension liability	19,312,655
OPEB obligation	81,504
Total liabilities	56,818,016
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resource	12,850,606
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,850,606
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	60,961,539
Restricted for:	
Child nutrition	212,505
Debt service	2,881,422
State and federal title programs	2,300,676
Other projects	100,000
Unrestricted	(12,182,023)
Total net position	\$ 54,274,119

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

					_	_		Re	(Expenses) venues and
					Program				hanges in
					Operating	C	apital		et Position
	Expenses		harges for Services		rants and ntributions		nts and ributions		vernmental Activities
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
Instructional services:									
Elementary programs	\$ 21,172,799	\$	-	\$	1,796,137	\$	-	\$	(19,376,662)
Secondary programs	16,667,520		1,186,765		705,951		-		(14,774,804)
Alternative school programs	1,150,531		-		192,395		-		(958,136)
Exceptional child programs	8,270,522		-		1,729,647		-		(6,540,875)
Activity programs	1,380,225		-		147,746		-		(1,232,479)
Summer programs	84,423		_		2,662		-		(81,761)
Detention programs	245,146		_		48,229		-		(196,917)
Support services:	-,				-, -				(,- ,
Pupil support	4,267,933		_		220,269		_		(4,047,664)
General administration	3,891,472		_		1,580,387		_		(2,311,085)
School administration	4,737,903		_		23,986		_		(4,713,917)
Business operations	1,384,429		_		4,030		_		(1,380,399)
Maintenance	6,628,191		_		26,520		615		(6,601,056)
Transportation	2,645,906		_		68,623		-		(2,577,283)
Security	558,906		- 1,777		00,023		_		(557,129)
,	1,737,582		1,777		193,961		- 616		
Other support services	1,737,302		-		193,901		010		(1,543,005)
Non-instructional services: Food services	2 620 772		1 100 070		2 617 271				100 270
	3,638,772		1,123,873		2,617,271		-		102,372
Community services	849,776		1,176,332		21,591		-		348,147
Net amortization on premium/discount	98,212		-		-		-		(98,212)
Change in OPEB obligation	(99,833)		-		-		-		99,833
Change in net pension liability	3,761,028		-		-		-		(3,761,028)
Unallocated actual PERSI contributions	<u> </u>	_	-	_	-		-		4,838,319
Total governmental activities	\$ 78,233,124	\$	3,488,747	\$	9,379,405	\$	1,231		(65,363,741)
	Taxes:								10 000 010
	Property taxes,								16,638,019
	Property taxes,								33,806
	Property taxes,	levie	ed for debt se	rvice	es				3,006,499
	State revenue								48,883,442
	Bond security fur								66,293
	Grants and conti	ributi	ons not restri	cted	to specific pu	ırposes	:		
	Federal Forest								65,162
	Interest and inve								40,175
	Loss on disposa								(4,993)
	Total genera	al rev	enues/						68,728,403
	Change	in ne	et position						3,364,662
	Net position - Jul	ly 1,	2015						55,494,512
	Prior period adju	stme	ent						(4,585,055)
	Net position - Ju	ne 3	0, 2016					\$	54,274,119

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2016

Child General Nutrition Title I **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,151,351 \$ \$ Accounts receivable: Kootenai County 6,671,452 State of Idaho 1,375,335 381.571 558.576 Other receivables 30,280 Due from other funds 1,215,262 Inventory 73,146 \$ 13,443,680 558,576 Total assets \$ 454,717 \$ **LIABILITIES** Liabilities: \$ 241 Accounts payable 1,023,543 \$ 10,799 Accrued payroll and vacation benefits 7,345,604 151,506 163,616 Due to other funds 79,907 394,719 242,212 558,576 **Total liabilities** 8,369,147 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Unavailable revenue-property taxes 578,223 Unavailable revenue-special revenue Total deferred inflows of resources 578,223 **FUND BALANCES** Nonspendable: 73,146 Restricted to: Debt service State and federal title programs Other projects Assigned to: State and federal non title funding School construction project Committed to: Contingency reserve 648,400 Unassigned 3,847,910 139,359 Total fund balances 212,505 4,496,310 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances \$ 13,443,680 \$ 454,717 \$ 558,576

^{**} Not a major fund.

** Coi	2012	2012 Bond		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	1,820,460	\$	4,886,596	\$ 10,858,407
	_		1,086,421		-	7,757,873
	-		-		1,334,814	3,650,296
	-		-		111,104	141,384
	-		-		-	1,215,262
			-		-	73,146
\$	-	\$	2,906,881	\$	6,332,514	\$ 23,696,368
\$	-	\$	-	\$	108,909	\$ 1,143,492
	-		-		426,860	8,087,586
	-		-		740,636	1,215,262
	-				1,276,405	10,446,340
			25.450			CO2 CO2
	-		25,459		- 9,950	603,682 9,950
	<u> </u>		25,459		9,950	613,632
			20,400		0,500	
	-		-		-	73,146
	-		2,881,422		-	2,881,422
	-		-		2,300,676	2,300,676
	-		-		100,000	100,000
	-		-		2,646,834	2,646,834
	-		-		-	-
	_		_		-	648,400
	-		-		(1,351)	3,985,918
	-		2,881,422		5,046,159	12,636,396
\$	-	\$	2,906,881	\$	6,332,514	\$ 23,696,368

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Total fund balances at June 30, 2016 - Governmental Funds		\$ 12,636,396
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2016	\$128,834,258	
Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016		
Buildings and sites	(33,123,713)	
Buses and other transportation	(3,882,165)	
Equipment, computers and library books	(3,122,437)	88,705,943
Addition of accounts receivable		101,764
Elimination of deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		603,682
Elimination of deferred inflows of resources - special revenue		9,950
Pension liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		(19,312,655)
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources		12,649,250
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources		(12,850,606)
1 Toportionate share of collective deterred lilliows of resources		(12,030,000)
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2016		
Bonds payable	(23,470,000)	
Premium on bonds payable, net accumulated amortization of \$149,885	(3,523,921)	
Discount on bonds payable, net accumulated amortization of \$38,480	74,178	
Capital leases payable	(824,661)	
Accrued compensated absences	(195,984)	
OPEB obligation - liability	(81,504)	
Accrued interest payable	(247,713)	(28,269,605)
Net position at June 30, 2016		\$ 54,274,119

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			**
	General	Child Nutrition	Title I
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 16,617,546	\$ -	\$ -
Interest income	37,485	-	-
Other local revenue	205,650	1,123,873	-
State assistance and reimbursements	48,883,442	-	-
Title programs and other federal revenues		2,617,271	1,444,444
Total revenues	65,744,123	3,741,144	1,444,444
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	18,264,141	_	950.779
Secondary programs	14,575,809	_	1,360
Alternative school programs	963,312	_	72,602
Exceptional child programs	6,132,499	_	-
Activity programs	1,261,521	_	_
Summer program	84,385	_	_
Detention center program	196,280	=	_
Total instructional services	41,477,947		1,024,741
Support services:			
Pupil support	3,943,723	=	-
General administration	2,595,782	=	368,166
School administration	4,652,865	=	- -
Business operations	1,267,489	=	-
Maintenance	6,423,589	-	-
Transportation	2,339,840	-	6,959
Security program	558,906	=	-
Other support services	1,272,382	-	-
Total support services	23,054,576	_	375,125
Non-instructional services:			
Food services	-	3,617,610	-
Community services	-	-	10,188
Total non-instructional services	<u> </u>	3,617,610	10,188
Capital outlay	153,215		-
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	_	_
Interest	-	_	_
Total debt service	=		
Total expenditures	64,685,738	3,617,610	1,410,054
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,058,385	123,534	34,390
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	=	-
Transfers in	176,590	106,224	-
Transfers (out)	(2,321,684)	(46,504)	(34,390)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,145,094)	59,720	(34,390)
Net change in fund balances	(1,086,709)	183,254	-
Fund balances - beginning	5,583,019	29,251	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,496,310	\$ 212,505	\$ -

^{**} Not a major fund.

**		Other	Total
2012 Construction	2012 Bond	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
•	4 0 000 400		# 40 004 045
\$ -	\$ 3,006,499	\$ -	\$ 19,624,045
-	2,689	1 000 110	40,174
-	-	1,980,149	3,309,672
-	66,293	1,592,597	50,542,332
	3,075,481	4,008,849 7,581,595	8,070,564 81,586,787
	3,073,401	7,561,595	01,300,707
=	=	694,093	19,909,013
-	-	591,885	15,169,054
-	-	113,840	1,149,754
-	-	2,136,943	8,269,442
=	=	118,674	1,380,195
=	=	-	84,385
		48,866	245,146
		3,704,301	46,206,989
-	-	324,210	4,267,933
_	_	926,829	3,890,777
=	=	83,778	4,736,643
=	=	9,273	1,276,762
_	_	161,613	6,585,202
_	_	58,063	2,404,862
_	_	-	558,906
_	_	466,337	1,738,719
		2,030,103	25,459,804
_	_	_	3,617,610
_	_	839,588	849,776
		839,588	4,467,386
602,243		567,384	1,322,842
-	1,960,000	184,569	2,144,569
-	888,500	13,863	902,363
-	2,848,500	198,432	3,046,932
602,243	2,848,500	7,339,808	80,503,953
(602,243)	226,981	241,787	1,082,834
-	-	514,752	514,752
-	-	9,500	9,500
2,178,207	-	370,616	2,831,637
	(92,372)	(368,841)	(2,863,791)
2,178,207	(92,372)	526,027	492,098
1,575,964	134,609	767,814	1,574,932
(1,575,964)	2,746,813	4,278,345	11,061,464
\$ -	\$ 2,881,422	\$ 5,046,159	\$ 12,636,396

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total net changes in fund balances for year ended June 30, 2016		\$ 1,574,932
	Capital outlay which is considered expenditures Interest expense which is considered capital outlay Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 Proceeds on sale of assets Loss on sale of assets	1,322,842 602,243 (3,158,374) (9,500) (4,993)
Add: Less:	Elimination of interfund revenues and expenditures: Interfund transfers out Interfund transfers in	2,863,791 (2,863,791)
Less: Add: Add: Add: Add:	Capital lease proceeds that are considered long term debt Bond principal retirement considered as an expenditure Capital lease payments considered as an expenditure Change in compensated absences Change in OPEB obligation - insurance expense	(514,752) 1,960,000 184,569 12,671 99,833
Less:	Difference between school plus revenue earned on modified accrual basis versus revenue on school plus revenue on accrual basis	(4,481)
Add:	Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis versus interest on long-term debt on accrual basis	201,908
Add:	Difference between revenue earned on property taxes on modified accrual basis versus revenue on property taxes on accrual basis	20,473
Add:	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,838,319
Less:	Change in net pension liability	 (3,761,028)
	Change in net position for year ended June 30, 2016	\$ 3,364,662

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Inventory	\$ 15,000
Total assets	15,000
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Cash overdraft	10,322
Accounts payable	4,678
Total liabilities	15,000
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	
Total net position	<u>\$ -</u>

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Internal Service Fund
Operating revenues:	
Services	\$ 78,069
Operating expenses:	
Salaries	4,060
Benefits	821
Purchased services	43,312
Supplies	61,789
Maintenance	241
Total operating expenses	110,223
Operating (loss)	(32,154)
Transfer in	32,154
Change in net position	-
Total net position - beginning	
Total net position - ending	\$ -

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Internal rvice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	78,069
Payments to suppliers		(104,360)
Payments to employees		(4,881)
Net cash (used) by operating activities		(31,172)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds		32,154
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		32,154
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		982
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1		(11,304)
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	\$	(10,322)
Reconciliation of net operating (loss) to net cash		
(used) by operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$	(32,154)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to		
net cash (used) by operating activities:		
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u></u>	982
Net cash (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(31,172)

AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Δ	SS	E٦	ГS

AUGETO	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,101,793
Total assets	\$ 1,101,793
LIABILITIES Deposits due others Total liabilities	\$ 1,101,793 \$ 1,101,793

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 (the "School District") operates under the direction of a Board of Trustees, who oversees the operation of the School District and governs the decisions made by the District Superintendent. The School District is engaged in the education of students on the elementary and secondary level. The School District does not exercise sufficient control over other governmental agencies and authorities to warrant including them as a part of the School District's entity.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, this includes general operations, child nutrition, debt service, plant facilities, and student and supportive service activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The financial statements of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

New Pronouncements – During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District implemented GASB No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below:

B. Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements (Continued)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the laws of the State of Idaho.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – Child nutrition is a program that provides nourishing meals to students in all grades. This program is supplemented by federal funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

<u>Title I Fund</u> – The Title I fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of costs that are restricted to the Title I program.

<u>2012 Construction Fund</u> – The 2012 Construction is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of costs that are legally restricted for capital improvements related to the 2012 bond funds.

<u>2012 Bond Fund</u> – The 2012 Bond fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term obligation bonds including principal, interest and related costs.

The School District reports the following non-major governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The special revenues funds account for other resources for and the payment of costs in which the use is restricted or assigned to a particular purpose.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – The capital project funds account for other resources for and the payment of costs that are assigned or legally restricted for maintenance or capital projects.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – The internal service fund is created to provide goods or services to other governmental operating units such as departments. The purpose of centralizing certain activities in an internal service fund is to achieve a level of operating efficiency that may not be available if the same activities were performed by multiple units within the governmental unit. The School District uses this fund to provide printing services.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only fund accounted for in this category by the School Board is the agency fund. The agency fund accounts for assets held by the School Board as an agent for schools and school organizations. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements (Concluded)

During the course of operations the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School District.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the School District is pooled for investment purposes and is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements in the following funds: General Fund, Child Nutrition Fund, Title I Fund, 2012 Bond Fund, and 2012 Construction Fund. Interest earned in the pooled accounts is allocated to the participating funds in proportion to the average daily balances in each fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, investments were limited to the Idaho State Investment Pool.

The District invests in one 2a-7-like pools, the Idaho State Investment Pool. The advisory board of the Idaho State Investment Pool is composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. The Idaho State Investment Pool is duly chartered and administered by the State Treasurer's office and consists of US Treasury bills and notes, collateralized certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements.

Following GASB 72, ¶69 and ¶B62 the balance that the District has in the Idaho State Investment Pool is carried at cost, which materially approximates fair market value.

The District considers funds held in the Idaho State Investment Pool to be cash equivalents, as the District is able to liquidate their account at any time.

For presentation in the financial statements, investments in the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Capital Assets

General capital assets typically result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Capital Assets (Concluded)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements and interest incurred during the construction of capital assets are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of governmental funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount interest capitalized depends on the specific circumstances. Obligation bonds were issued to finance various capital School District projects. Accordingly, interest capitalized in the amount of \$602,243 was included in current year additions for capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Modular	15 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Library books	10 years
Buses	10 years
Other vehicles	5 years

G. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees who qualify.

Sick leave benefits are not paid upon termination but only when sick leave is used. Therefore, sick leave is not accrued as a liability.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and the noncurrent portion of capital leases, which will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums and bond discounts. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums, bond discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The School District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflows relating to the accounting for the net pension obligation on the government-wide statement of net position, in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District has one type of item, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The School District has one type of item, which arises under full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources, is reported only on the government-wide statement of net position. The government-wide statement of net position reports proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources from one source: accounting for the net pension obligation, in accordance with GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The School District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (required implementation date of June 2011). This Statement establishes criteria for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. Classifications are hierarchical and are based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. Application of the Statement requires the School District to classify and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications. The School District's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

The School District reports the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance — Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form—such as inventory or prepaid insurance, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact—such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted Fund Balance — Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions are placed on fund balances when legally enforceable legislation establishes a specific purpose for the funds—such as the School District's federal award revenue, which must be used to fund federally defined title programs. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party (e.g., citizens, public interest groups, the judiciary) to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed Fund Balance — Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Board of Trustees. Amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the board of trustees. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance — Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the Director of Finance, or (b) an appointed body (e.g., a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Trustees have delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance includes: (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the general fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the School District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents general fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

L. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied each November based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous September tax rolls. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The County Assessor establishes assessed values. Property tax payments are due in one-half installments in December and June Property taxes become a lien on the property when it is levied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. There were no Extraordinary Items.

Q. Inventory

Inventories are expenses when used rather than when purchased. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market and are determined by physical count.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds. This is in conformance with Idaho State Statutes which require that appropriations lapse at the end of a fiscal year and are not available to be carried forward to be used in addition to the succeeding year's appropriation.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The School District publishes a proposed budget for public review.
- b) Public hearings are set to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees and published.
- d) The final budget is then filed with the State Department of Education. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Lapsing of Appropriations – At the close of each year all unspent appropriations revert to the respective funds from which they were appropriated and become subject to future appropriation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

General:

State statutes authorize the School District's investments and deposits. The School District is authorized to invest in demand deposits, savings accounts, U.S. Government obligations and its agencies, obligations of Idaho and its agencies, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, prime domestic commercial paper, prime domestic bankers acceptances, bonds, debentures or notes of any corporation organized, controlled and operating within the U.S. which have at their purchase an "A" rating or higher, government pool and money market funds consisting of any of these securities listed. No violations of these categories have occurred during the year.

Custodial credit risk:

Deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a financial institution, the School District's deposits and investments may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the School District's deposits and investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The School District's deposits and investments are insured and collateralized as follows:

Amount insured by the FDIC, or collateralized	
with securities held by the School District in its name	\$ 2,275,942
ICS insured	3,758,053
Idaho State Investment Pool	4,093,371
Total deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:	10,127,366
Deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk:	
Amount uninsured	2,435,851
Total deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk:	2,435,851
Total deposits	\$ 12,563,217
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2016 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:	
State of Net Position - cash and cash equivalents Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - cash and cash equivalents Total carrying amount	\$ 10,848,085 1,101,793 \$ 11,949,878
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2016 consist of the following: Cash:	
Deposit with financial institutions	\$ 4,098,454
Cash equivalents:	2.750.052
ICS insured	3,758,053
Idaho State Investment Pools	4,093,371 \$ 11,949,878
Total cash and cash equivalents	φ 11,949,070

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

The School District considers funds held in the Idaho State Investment Pool and the Idaho Diversified Bond Fund to be cash equivalents, as the School District is able to liquidate their account at any time.

Credit risk:

The Idaho State Investment Pool does not have an established credit rating, but invests in entities with a minimum credit rating of "A" as stipulated by Idaho code. Financial information on the investment pool can be obtained by contacting the Idaho State Treasurer.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

<u>Kootenai County</u> – This receivable is comprised of county school funds, taxes and other county receipts allocable to the School District at June 30, 2016, but which were not remitted to or received by the School District until after that date.

<u>State of Idaho</u> – The amount due from the state represents distributions and reimbursements from state administered funds applicable to the year ended June 30, 2016.

The receivables as of June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 7,757,873
State of Idaho	3,650,296
Other miscellaneous	243,148
	\$ 11,651,317

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is a recap of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2015	Increases	Decreases Transfers		Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,426,448	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,426,448
Construction in progress	10,182,871	1,193,197	· -	(9,114,828)	2,261,240
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	14,609,319	1,193,197		(9,114,828)	6,687,688
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building & improvements	103,846,575	-	(2,640)	9,140,840	112,984,775
Equipment & fixtures	2,912,441	147,159	(126,514)	(26,012)	2,907,074
Library books	845,160	-	-	-	845,160
Computers	167,532	14,810	(9,232)	-	173,110
Vehicles & buses	4,718,397	569,919	(51,865)	-	5,236,451
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	112,490,105	731,888	(190,251)	9,114,828	122,146,570
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings & improvements	30,339,956	2,765,558	-	18,199	33,123,713
Equipment & fixtures	2,140,429	135,294	(114,661)	(28,367)	2,132,695
Library books	845,160	-	-	-	845,160
Computers	141,146	14,346	(9,232)	(1,678)	144,582
Vehicles & buses	3,679,008	243,176	(51,865)	11,846	3,882,165
Total accumulated depreciation	37,145,699	3,158,374	(175,758)		40,128,315
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	75,344,406	(2,426,486)	(14,493)	9,114,828	82,018,255
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$89,953,725	\$ (1,233,289)	\$ (14,493)	\$ -	\$88,705,943

Depreciation expense of \$3,158,374 for the year ended June 30, 2016 was charged to the following governmental functions:

⊟ementary	\$ 1,255,047
Secondary	1,487,660
Business administration	105,997
Maintenance	44,464
Transportation	244,126
Food service	 21,080
	\$ 3,158,374

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

Following is a recap of the June 30, 2016 balances by generic location:

	⊟ementary	Administration nentary Secondary and Other		Total
Land	\$ 1,629,230	\$ 1,906,706	\$ 890,512	\$ 4,426,448
Building and improvements	51,785,081	58,078,442	3,121,252	112,984,775
Equipment	595,481	1,075,652	1,235,941	2,907,074
Library books	408,307	374,127	62,726	845,160
Computers	4,129	9,729	159,252	173,110
Vehicles & Buses	-	-	5,236,451	5,236,451
Construction in progress	-	-	2,261,240	2,261,240
Total capital assets	\$ 54,422,228	\$ 61,444,656	\$ 12,967,374	\$128,834,258

NOTE 6: ACCRUED PAYROLL AND BENEFITS

Accrued payroll includes amounts due contracted teachers and other employees at June 30, 2016, which were not paid until July and August 2016, in conformity with contractual stipulations.

NOTE 7: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 requires accrual of employee compensation for future absences if certain conditions exist. Included in the current financial statements is a liability of \$195,984 for vacation pay.

NOTE 8: DUE TO / DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

The composition of due to / due from other funds is the result of pooling of cash as of June 30, 2016 as follows:

	 Due from		Due to
General fund	\$ 1,135,355	\$	-
Title I fund	-		394,719
Other governmental funds	-		740,636
	\$ 1,135,355	\$	1,135,355

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 9: BONDS PAYABLE

SERIES 2012 A AND B GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

On August 28, 2012, School District 271 voters approved \$32,700,000 of 13 year General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012 A and B, with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% for Series A and 1.50% to 5.00% for Series B. Pursuant to this authority, the sale of the bonds followed on October 7, 2012, with net proceeds of \$32,892,277 (including principle of \$29,025,000, premiums of \$3,867,277, discount of \$127,088 and issuance costs of \$94,813) and repayment that began in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The bond sale proceeds are for the remodel five aged schools, replacement of the HVAC systems in five additional schools, update of technology throughout the School District's buildings, and demolition of the School District's former central office.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Series 2012 A

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	Principal	_	ı	Interest		Total
2017 2018	2.00% **%	\$ 2,035,000 1,435,000		\$	76,350 28,000	\$	2,111,350 1,463,000
		\$ 3,470,000	_	\$	104,350	\$	3,574,350

^{**} Bifurcated Coupons

Series 2012 B

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	Principal		Interest		Total
2017	2.00%	\$ -	\$	752,600	\$	752,600
2018	2.00%	640,000		746,200		1,386,200
2019	2.00%	2,145,000		722,525		2,867,525
2020	2.00%	2,180,000		663,525		2,843,525
2021-2025	2.00%-4.00%	12,260,000		1,902,200		14,162,200
2020	4.00%-5.00%	2,775,000		55,500		2,830,500
		\$ 20,000,000	\$	4,842,550	\$	24,842,550

^{**} Bifurcated Coupons

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 9: BONDS PAYABLE (CONCLUDED)

The School District has a portion of its total levy that relates to payment of bond obligations. In the current fiscal period the bond levy rate was .000369746 as a portion of the total levy rate of .002375734. The net taxable market value for assessment purposes in the same period was \$7,468,005,468.

There are a number of covenants, limitations and other requirements contained in the bond indenture. The School District is in substantial compliance with these requirements at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 10: LEASE COMMITMENTS

<u>Capital Leases</u> – During the year ended June 30, 2015, The School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of seven school buses valued at \$585,164. The school buses have estimated lives of eight years. This year, \$73,146 was included in depreciation expense. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of six school buses valued at \$514,752. The school buses have estimated lives of eight years. This year, \$16,086 was included in depreciation expense. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	7 E	Buses	6 Buses		
Year Ending June 30,	in 2015		in 2016	Total	
2017	\$	90,686	\$107,746	\$	198,432
2018		90,686	107,746		198,432
2019		90,686	107,746		198,432
2020		90,686	107,746		198,432
2021		90,686			90,686
Total minimum lease payments		453,430	430,984		884,414
Less amount representing interest		(35,775)	(23,978)		(59,753)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 4	417,655	\$407,006	\$	824,661

Operating Leases – During the year, the School District has entered into operating leases for copy machines that will expire on various dates by fiscal year ending 2019. Future minimum payments are as follows:

2017 2018 2019	\$ 118,133 114,642 35,535
Total	\$ 268,310

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 11: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT MATURITIES

Changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016	One year
Bonds payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 25,430,000	\$ -	\$ (1,960,000)	\$ 23,470,000	\$ 2,035,000
Premium	3,717,393	-	(193,472)	3,523,921	-
Discount	(88,608)		14,430	(74,178)	
Total bonds payable	29,058,785	-	(2,139,042)	26,919,743	2,035,000
Capital leases payable	494,478	514,752	(184,569)	824,661	177,241
Compensated absences	208,655		(12,671)	195,984	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 29,761,918	\$ 514,752	\$ (2,336,282)	\$ 27,940,388	\$ 2,212,241

NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Coeur d'Alene School District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary.

Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Benefits (Concluded)

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2015 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The Coeur d'Alene School District contributions were \$4,838,319 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Coeur d'Alene School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Coeur d'Alene School District proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Coeur d'Alene School District share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2015, the Coeur d'Alene School District proportion was 1.4665938 percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Coeur d'Alene School District recognized pension expense of \$3,761,028 At June 30, 2016 the Coeur d'Alene School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience				
	\$	7,107,594	\$	2,315,172
Changes of assumptions		703,337		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		10,141,765
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		_		393,669
Coeur d'Alene School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,838,319		-
Total	\$	12,649,250	\$	12,850,606

\$4,838,319 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2014 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 is 5.5 and 5.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2014.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2016	\$ (1,981,071)
2017	\$ (1,981,071)
2018	\$ (1,981,071)
2019	\$ 1,437,909
2020	\$ (140,701)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation3.25%Salary increases4.5-10.00%Salary inflation3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.1%, net of investment expenses

Cost of Living (COLA) adjustments 1.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP – 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- · Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- · Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	of Return
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000 / Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15.00%	7.55%
Assumed Inflation - Mean			3.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation			2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return			8.42%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Ro	7.50%		
Assumed Investment Expenses			0.40%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return,	Net of investment expenses	S	7.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)		rent Discount ate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)		
Employer's net pension liability (asset) - District	\$	47,038,610	\$ 19,312,655	\$	(3,737,800)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2016, the Coeur d'Alene School District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$652,377 for legally required employer contributions and \$479,429 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 13: MINIMUM FUND BALANCE POLICY

The School District has a policy to budget 5% fund balance as a contingency reserve. The Idaho State Code requires only 4% budgeted fund balance as a contingency reserve. Expenditure of this reserve may occur only when specific circumstances exist and requires special board approval.

NOTE 14: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	<u>Tr</u>	Tra	ansfers Out	
General fund	\$	176,590	\$	2,321,684
Child nutrition		106,224		46,504
Title I		-		34,390
2012 construction		2,178,207		-
2012 bond		-		92,372
Other governmental funds		370,616		368,841
Internal service fund		32,154		-
	\$	2,863,791	\$	2,863,791

Transfers are made based on the federal requirements (allowable in-direct or required for food service program) and/or to cover expenditures tracked separately from the general fund but are still considered as part of the overall operating budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 15: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District contracts with an insurance company for property insurance (including boiler and machinery) and general liability insurance.

Professional liability is protected by an outside insurance company with a \$2,000,000 liability and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Vehicles are also covered by the same insurance company and have a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and a \$1,000 deductible for collision. Automobile liability has a \$3,000,000 single limit of liability.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The School District provides life, with accidental death and dismemberment insurance, as well as medical and dental insurance to most employees through an insurance company in the amount of \$50,000.

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 operates a single – employer retiree benefit plan that provides post-employment comprehensive medical and dental benefits to all Coeur d'Alene School District employees who retire and satisfy the eligibility requirements for PERSI. Eligibility for Coeur d'Alene School District post employment benefits is tied to pension eligibility under PERSI. Thus, all members receiving post employment benefits are also members in the PERSI retirement plan.

Funding Policy. The School District had not established a fund to supplement the costs for the net OPEB obligation. Contributions are made on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The School District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 360,834
Interest on net OPEB obligation	525
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (494)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	360,865
Contributions made	 (460,698)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(99,833)
NET OPEB beginning of year	 181,337
NET OPEB end of year	\$ 81,504

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Annual		Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB				
Year Ended	OPEB Cost		Contributed	Obligation				
6/30/14	\$	368,039	101%	\$	205,964			
6/30/15	\$	367,226	107%	\$	181,337			
6/30/16	\$	360,865	128%	\$	81,504			

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3.657 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3.657 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$41.37 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), calculated based on the expected return on the School District's general funds at the valuation date.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

			Prescription		
Plan year		Medical	Drugs	Dental	Vision
	2014	7.6%	7.6%	4.6%	2.0%
	2015	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	4.0%
	2016	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	4.0%
	2017	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	4.0%
	2018	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	4.0%
	2019	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	4.0%
	2020	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	4.0%
	2021 +	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.0%

^{*} Trends based on actual renewal rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 16: POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Retiree Contribution Increases

Medical and prescription drug

Plan year	Retiree / Surviving Spouse	Spouse			
2014 *	7.6%	7.6%			
2015	7.1%	7.1%			
2016	6.6%	6.6%			
2017	6.1%	6.1%			
2018	5.6%	5.6%			
2019	5.1%	5.1%			
2020	4.6%	4.6%			
2021 +	4.5%	4.5%			
Dental					
Plan year	Retiree / Surviving Spouse	Spouse			
2014 *	4.6%	4.6%			
2015	7.5%	7.5%			
2016	7.0%	7.0%			
2017	6.5%	6.5%			
2018	6.0%	6.0%			
2019	5.5%	5.5%			
2020	5.0%	5.0%			
2021 +	4.5%	4.5%			
Vision					
Plan year	Retiree / Surviving Spouse	Spouse			
2014 *	2.0%	2.0%			
2015 +	4.0%	4.0%			

^{*} Trends based on actual renewal rates

The UAAL is amortized as a level percentage of the projected salaries of present and future members of the District, on an open basis, over a 25-year period from the valuation date. General wage increase and assumed payroll growth is 2.5 percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 17: DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Vocational Education Fund had a deficit balance of \$1,351 As of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS

The School District has an active construction project as of June 30, 2016. The project is a roof replacement for Coeur d'Alene High School. At June 30, 2016 the District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Spent to						
	Spen			Date		Bid		
Project	6/30/2	6/30/2016		1/8/2016		Total		
Coeur d'Alene High School Roof	\$	-	\$	315,960	\$	315,960		

NOTE 19: CONTINGENCIES

The School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audit pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District may be involved is various lawsuits in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the School District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

NOTE 20: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Beginning Net Position for the government-wide governmental activities was adjusted for \$4,585,055. The prior year GASB 68 implementation adjusted deferred outflows to the statement of Net Position. Proper treatment was to adjust the \$4,585,055 to the statement of Activities during the first year of implementation. See Note 10 for further disclosures on the pension plan and related accounting.

FINANCIAL SECTION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

ı	Actuarial Valuation Date	,	tuarial Value Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Ibility (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) /c)	
	July 1, 2010	\$	-	\$ 3,270,802	\$ 3,270,802	0%	\$ 38,700,184	8%	
	July 1, 2012	\$	-	\$ 3,699,600	\$ 3,699,600	0%	\$ 43,019,505	9%	
	July 1, 2014	\$	_	\$ 3,656,636	\$ 3.656.636	0%	\$ 43,893,824	8%	

GASB 68 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Schedule of Employers's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	2015	2016
Employer's portion of the net pension liability	1.4950932%	1.4665938%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,006,226	\$ 19,312,655
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 40,411,552	\$ 42,741,334
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	27.24%	45.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.95%	91.38%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2015 (measurement date).

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	2015	2016
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,650,130	\$ 4,838,319
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(4,650,130)	(4,838,319)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered-employee payroll of its covered employee payroll	\$ 41,079,210	\$ 42,741,334
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.32%	11.32%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budgeted Amounts*	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 15,280,000	\$ 16,617,546	\$ 1,337,546
Interest income	10,000	37,485	27,485
Other local revenue	226,000	205,650	(20,350)
State assistance and reimbursements	48,261,313	48,883,442	622,129
Total revenues	63,777,313	65,744,123	1,966,810
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	18,698,472	18,264,141	434,331
Secondary programs	14,764,003	14,575,809	188,194
Alternative school programs	1,054,775	963,312	91,463
Exceptional child programs	5,771,272	6,132,499	(361,227)
Activity programs	1,384,878	1,261,521	123,357
Summer program	104,521	84,385	20,136
Detention center program	149,023	196,280	(47,257)
Total instructional services	41,926,944	41,477,947	448,997
Support services:			
Pupil support	3,913,925	3,943,723	(29,798)
General administration	2,332,053	2,595,782	(263,729)
School administration	4,635,761	4,652,865	(17,104)
Business operations	1,171,103	1,267,489	(96,386)
Maintenance	6,145,586	6,423,589	(278,003)
Transportation	2,539,070	2,339,840	199,230
Security	485,452	558,906	(73,454)
Other support services	1,187,334	1,272,382	(85,048)
Total support services	22,410,284	23,054,576	(644,292)
Capital outlay	486,768	153,215	333,553
Contingency reserve	1,888,865		1,888,865
Total expenditures	66,712,861	64,685,738	2,027,123
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under)			
over expenditures	(2,935,548)	1,058,385	3,993,933
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	597,557	176,590	(420,967)
Transfers (out)	(2,067,310)	(2,321,684)	(254,374)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,469,753)	(2,145,094)	(675,341)
Net change in fund balances	(4,405,301)	(1,086,709)	3,318,592
Fund balances - beginning	5,583,019	5,583,019	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,177,718	\$ 4,496,310	\$ 3,318,592

^{*}Budget was not amended

CHILD NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budgeted Amounts*	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Other local revenue	\$ 1,217,879	\$ 1,123,873	\$ (94,006)
Title programs and other federal revenues	2,630,012	2,617,271	(12,741)
Total revenues	3,847,891	3,741,144	(106,747)
EXPENDITURES Non-instructional services:			
Food services	3,782,004	3,617,610	164,394
Total non-instructional services	3,782,004	3,617,610	164,394
Capital outlay	82,665		(82,665)
Total expenditures	3,864,669	3,617,610	247,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under)			
over expenditures	(16,778)	123,534	140,312
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	89,796	106,224	16,428
Transfers (out)	(73,000)	(46,504)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,796	59,720	16,428
Net change in fund balances	18	183,254	156,740
Fund balances - beginning	66,000	29,251	(36,749)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 66,018	\$ 212,505	\$ 146,487

^{*}Budget was not amended

FINANCIAL SECTION OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY FUND TYPE June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,292,102	\$	594,494	\$ 4,886,596
Accounts receivable: State of Idaho		1,334,814		-	1,334,814
Accounts receivable: Other receivable		111,104			111,104
Total assets	\$	5,738,020	\$	594,494	\$ 6,332,514
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	108,909	\$	-	\$ 108,909
Accrued payroll and vacation benefits		426,860		-	426,860
Due to other funds		740,636		_	 740,636
Total liabilities		1,276,405			1,276,405
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,950			0.050
Unavailable revenue-special revenue Total deferred inflows of resources					 9,950
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,950			 9,950
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		2,400,676		-	2,400,676
Assigned		2,052,340		594,494	2,646,834
Unassigned		(1,351)		-	(1,351)
Total fund balances		4,451,665		594,494	 5,046,159
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,738,020	\$	594,494	\$ 6,332,514

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY FUND TYPE For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Other local revenue	\$ 1,976,978	\$ 3,171	\$ 1,980,149
State assistance and reimbursements	1,592,597	-	1,592,597
Title programs and other federal revenues Total revenues	4,008,849 7,578,424	3,171	4,008,849 7,581,595
	7,576,424	3,171	7,361,393
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	694,093	-	694,093
Secondary programs	591,885	-	591,885
Alternative school program	113,840	-	113,840
Activity programs	118,674	-	118,674
Exceptional child program Detention center	2,136,943 48,866	-	2,136,943 48,866
Total instructional expenditures	3,704,301		3,704,301
	0,704,001		0,704,001
Support services:			
Pupil support	324,210	-	324,210
General administration	926,829	-	926,829
School administration	9,273	-	9,273
Business operations Maintenance	83,778 161,373	- 240	83,778 161,613
Transportation	58,063	240	58,063
Other support services	466,337	-	466,337
Total support services	2,029,863	240	2,030,103
Non-instructional services:			
Community services	839,588	_	839,588
Total non-instructional expenditures	839,588		839,588
Debt service:	-		
Principal	_	184,569	184,569
Interest	-	13,863	13,863
Total debt service	-	198,432	198,432
Capital outlay	52,632	514,752	567,384
Total expenditures	6,626,384	713,424	7,339,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	952,040	(710,253)	241,787
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Capital lease proceeds	-	514,752	514,752
Proceeds on sale of assets	-	9,500	9,500
Transfers in	17,436	353,180	370,616
Transfers (out)	(364,502)	(4,339)	(368,841)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(347,066)	873,093	526,027
Net change in fund balances	604,974	162,840	767,814
Fund balances - beginning	3,846,691	431,654	4,278,345
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,451,665	\$ 594,494	\$ 5,046,159

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2016

	Forest Reserve Fund			Building Rental		School Net Grant	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	254,803	\$	147,597		-	
Accounts receivable: State of Idaho		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable: Other receivable					-	-	
Total assets		254,803	\$	147,597	\$	-	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	2,251	\$	384	\$	-	
Accrued payroll and vacation benefits		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		_		-		-	
Total liabilities		2,251		384			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-special revenue		_		_		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-					
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		_		_		_	
Assigned		252,552		147,213		_	
Unassigned				,2.10		_	
Total fund balances		252,552		147,213			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	254,803	\$	147,597	\$		

	laneous nology	School Plus Program	Miscellaneous Grants		E-Rate
\$	180	\$ 924,043	\$	337,509	\$ 350,751
	-	-		-	-
	-	-		2,256	-
\$	180	\$ 924,043	\$	339,765	\$ 350,751
\$	180	\$ 6,851	\$	2,775	\$ 67,250
	-	7,460		1,311	-
	-	-		-	-
	180	14,311		4,086	67,250
				9,950	
		 		9,950	
				3,330	
	-	-		100,000	-
	-	909,732		225,729	283,501
	-	 -		-	 -
	-	 909,732		325,729	 283,501
\$	180	\$ 924,043	\$	339,765	\$ 350,751

Driver Education		assroom chnology	ocational ducation	Reading Assessment		
\$	38,988	\$ 54,412	\$ -	\$	179,360	
	34,000 -	-	34,058 -		-	
\$	72,988	\$ 54,412	\$ 34,058	\$	179,360	
	·					
\$	150	\$ -	\$ 336	\$	175	
	795	-	7,126		-	
	-	 -	 27,947		-	
	945	 -	 35,409		175	
	-	 -	-		-	
	-	-	-		-	
	72,043	-	-		-	
	-	54,412	-		179,185	
	-	 	 (1,351)		-	
	72,043	 54,412	 (1,351)		179,185	
\$	72,988	\$ 54,412	\$ 34,058	\$	179,360	

dership wards	dvanced portunities		Medicaid mbursement	meless Grant
\$ 100,665	\$ 21,216	\$	1,467,651	\$ _
-	-		301,632	2,129
-	830		-	 -
\$ 100,665	\$ 22,046	\$	1,769,283	\$ 2,129
\$ (4)	\$ _	\$	2,361	\$ 6
(2)	-		100,636	-
-	-		-	2,123
(6)	 	_	102,997	 2,129
-	-		-	 -
 <u>-</u>	 			 -
100,671	22,046		1,666,286	-
-	-		-	-
-	 -			 -
100,671	 22,046		1,666,286	 -
\$ 100,665	\$ 22,046	\$	1,769,283	\$ 2,129

						Carl	
	Title I-D	1	Title VI-B		Preschool		Perkins
Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- 	\$	-
	41,745		706,788		12,288		-
	-		-		-		108,018
\$	41,745	\$	706,788	\$	12,288	\$	108,018
	_						
\$	-	\$	6,660	\$	-	\$	166
	3,572		257,014		3,770		6,814
	38,173		443,114		8,518		97,277
	41,745		706,788		12,288		104,257
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		
	-		-		-		3,761
	-		-		-		-
			-		-		
	-		-		-		3,761
\$	41,745	\$	706,788	\$	12,288	\$	108,018

rofessional Johnson evelopment O'Malley				Title II E.S.E.A.	Title II Technology		
\$ 366,288	\$	24,298	\$	- 164,828	\$	-	
\$ 366,288	\$	- 24,298	\$	164,828	\$	-	
 			•				
\$ -	\$	-	\$	18,208	\$	-	
<u>-</u>		-		23,136 123,484		<u>-</u>	
 -		-		164,828			
_		_		_		_	
 		-		-			
366,288		24,298		-		-	
-		-		-		-	
366,288		24,298		-		-	
\$ 366,288	\$	24,298	\$	164,828	\$		

F	cellaneous Federal Grants				Total			
\$	24,325 37,346	\$	16 -	\$	4,292,102 1,334,814 111,104			
\$	61,671	\$	16	\$	5,738,020			
\$	1,160	\$	-	\$	108,909			
	15,228		-		426,860			
	-		-		740,636			
	16,388				1,276,405			
					9,950			
	-		-		9,950			
	45,283		-		2,400,676			
	-		16		2,052,340			
	-				(1,351)			
	45,283		16		4,451,665			
\$	61,671	\$	16	\$	5,738,020			

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Res	Forest Reserve Fund		Building Rental		hool Net Grant
REVENUES						
Other local revenue	\$	-	\$	74,313	\$	-
State assistance and reimbursements		-		-		-
Title programs and other federal revenues		65,162		74.040		
Total revenues		65,162		74,313		
EXPENDITURES						
Instructional services:						
Elementary programs		-		-		-
Secondary programs		-		-		-
Alternative school program		-		-		-
Activity programs		-		-		-
Exceptional child program		-		-		-
Detention center Total instructional services						
Support services:						
Pupil support		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		-
School administration		-		-		-
Business operations Maintenance		-		156 206		-
Transportation		-		156,296		-
Other support services		_		- 62,784		_
Total support services				219,080		
				2.0,000		
Non-instructional services: Community services						
Total non-instructional services						
Capital outlay				14,484		
Total expenditures		-		233,564		-
Excess (deficiency) revenues over (under) expenditures		65,162		(159,251)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		_		-
Transfers (out)				(5,727)		(35,787)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(5,727)		(35,787)
Net change in fund balances		65,162		(164,978)		(35,787)
Fund balances - beginning		187,390		312,191		35,787
Fund balances - ending	\$	252,552	\$	147,213	\$	-

Miscellaneous Technology	School Plus Program	Miscellaneous Grants	E-Rate	
\$ - - -	\$ 1,103,219 - -	\$ 601,553 1,000	\$ 145,701 - -	
	1,103,219	602,553	145,701	
- - -	- - -	170,171 106,879 1,872	- - -	
- - -	- - -	118,674 -	- - -	
		397,596		
- 16,248 -	- - -	82 27,752 135	92 -	
- - -	- - 10,090	5,077 22,087	- - -	
16,248	10,090	22,963 78,096	358,847 358,939	
-	829,517 829,517	2,623	<u>-</u>	
16,248	839,607	23,338	14,810 373,749	
(16,248)	263,612	100,900	(228,048)	
155 - 155	(257,629) (257,629)	(5,000) 10,066	<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	
(16,093) 16,093 \$ -	5,983 903,749 \$ 909,732	110,966 214,763 \$ 325,729	(228,048) 511,549 \$ 283,501	

Driver Education		Classroom Technology		Vocational Education		Reading Assessment	
\$	51,576 34,000	\$	- 470,049	\$	- 109,121	\$	- 58,068
	-		-		-		-
	85,576		470,049		109,121		58,068
	-		-		-		31,549
	70,822		-		84,698		-
	-		-		14,628		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	70,822		-		99,326		31,549
	10,022				99,320		31,043
	-		-		- 0 <i>E 1 E</i>		-
	-		434,416		9,545		-
	_		_		_		_
	_		_		- -		- -
	_		_		_		_
	_		18,083		-		-
	-		452,499		9,545		-
	_				_		
	-		-		-		-
	70,822		452,499		108,871		31,549
	14,754		17,550		250		26,519
	-		-		-		-
	-		-				<u>-</u>
	-						
	14,754 57,280		17,550		250 (4.601)		26,519 152,666
\$	57,289 72,043	\$	36,862 54,412	\$	(1,601) (1,351)	\$	152,666 179,185
Ψ	12,040	Ψ	UT, H 14	Ψ	(1,551)	Ψ	179,100

State eadership Awards	Advanced Opportunities		Medicaid Reimbursement		omeless Grant
\$ - 585,107 -	\$ - 39,406 -	\$	- - 1,186,765	\$	- - 22,599
585,107	39,406		1,186,765		22,599
287,350	-		-		352
150,588	17,920		-		93
54,316	-		-		-
- 1,192	-		-		-
2,395	-		464,619		-
 495,841	 17,920		464,619		445
 100,011	 11,020		101,010		110
78,383	-		123,299		18,299
7,493	-		3,225		3,546
-	-		-		-
-	-		83,778		-
<u>-</u>	-		_		_
3,660	_		_		_
 89,536	 		210,302		21,845
<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
585,377	17,920		674,921		22,290
(270)	21,486		511,844		309
-	_		-		210
 	 		-		(519)
 					(309)
(270)	21,486		511,844		-
100,941	560		1,154,442		
\$ 100,671	\$ 22,046	\$	1,666,286	\$	-

 Title I-D	Title VI-B	Title VI-B Preschool	Carl Perkins
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- 75,876	- 1,780,029	- 45,188	- 108,018
75,876	1,780,029	45,188	108,018
 .,	, ,		
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	92,086
27,532	-	-	15,492
-	-	- 07.074	-
- 46 471	1,633,161	37,971	-
 46,471 74,003	1,633,161	37,971	107,578
 74,003	1,000,101	37,971	107,376
-	104,147	-	-
66	339	- 0.00	-
-	-	8,208	-
_	-	<u>-</u>	-
-	-	-	- -
_	-	_	_
66	104,486	8,208	
	_	-	
 -			
 74,069	1,737,647	46,179	107,578
 1,807	42,382	(991)	440
_	_	991	_
(1,807)	(42,382)		- -
 (1,807)	(42,382)	991	
			440
- -	- -	-	3,321
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,761

Professional Development		nnson Malley	Title II E.S.E.A.	tle II nology
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
295,846 -		- 4,465	- 380,985	-
 295,846		4,465	380,985	
-		5,142	-	-
-		1,314	-	-
-		-	-	-
-		-	-	-
-		-	-	-
 		6,456		 <u> </u>
 		0,400		
-		-	- 074 044	-
36,383		-	371,914	-
-		-	-	-
_		_	-	_
- -		50	<u>-</u>	-
-		-	_	_
36,383	-	50	371,914	-
_		_	_	_
 -		-	_	
-		-	-	-
36,383		6,506	371,914	
 259,463		(2,041)	9,071	
_		450	_	_
- -		-	(9,071)	- -
 -		450	(9,071)	
259,463		(1,591)	-	_
106,825		25,889	_	
\$ 366,288	\$	24,298	\$ 	\$

Miscel	laneous				
Fee	deral	Ac	tivity		
Gr	ants	F	und		Total
\$	-	\$	616	\$	1,976,978
	-		-		1,592,597
3	339,762		-		4,008,849
3	339,762		616		7,578,424
4	199,529				694,093
!	67,485		-		591,885
	07,405		-		113,840
	-		-		
	-		-		118,674 2,136,943
	-		-		
	- 067 014				48,866
	267,014	-		_	3,704,301
	-		-		324,210
	14,938		872		926,829
	930		-		9,273
	-		-		83,778
	-		-		161,373
	25,836		-		58,063
	-				466,337
	41,704		872		2,029,863
					_
	7,448		_		839,588
	7,448				839,588
-			_		52,632
	316,166		872		6,626,384
			,		
	23,596		(256)		952,040
	564		_		17,436
	(6,580)		_		(364,502)
	(6,016)		_		(347,066)
	17,580	-	(256)		604,974
	27,703		272		3,846,691
\$	45,283	\$	16	\$	4,451,665
Ψ	.0,200	Ψ	10	Ψ	1,-101,000

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2016

	Bus preciation und #424	В	ocal uilding nd #429	Plant Facility und #430	 Total
ASSETS	 				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 385,365	\$	3,281	\$ 205,848	\$ 594,494
Total assets	\$ 385,365	\$	3,281	\$ 205,848	\$ 594,494
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Total liabilities	 -		-	-	-
FUND BALANCES					
Assigned	385,365		3,281	205,848	594,494
Total fund balances	 385,365		3,281	205,848	594,494
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 385,365	\$	3,281	\$ 205,848	\$ 594,494

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Bus Depreciation Fund #424	Local Building Fund #429	Plant Facility Fund #430	Total
REVENUES:				
Other local revenue	\$ (238)	\$ 3,281	\$ 128	\$ 3,171
Total revenues	(238)	3,281	128	3,171
EXPENDITURES				
Maintenance	-	-	240	240
Debt service:				
Principal	184,569	-	-	184,569
Interest	13,863	-	-	13,863
Capital outlay	514,752			514,752
Total expenditures	713,184		240	713,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under)				
over expenditures	(713,422)	3,281	(112)	(710,253)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital lease proceeds	514,752	_	-	514,752
Proceeds on sale of asset	9,500	-	-	9,500
Transfers in	186,829	-	166,351	353,180
Transfers (out)	-	-	(4,339)	(4,339)
Total other financing sources (uses)	711,081	-	162,012	873,093
Net change in fund balances	(2,341)	3,281	161,900	162,840
Fund balances - beginning	387,706		43,948	431,654
Fund balances - ending	\$ 385,365	\$ 3,281	\$ 205,848	\$ 594,494

AGENCY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN DEPOSIT BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

School	Cash June 30, 2	015	Receipts	Disburser	nents J	Cash une 30, 2016
Bryan Elementary	\$ 20,	264 \$	17,712	\$ 15	,165 \$	22,811
Sorenson Elementary	9,	919	24,580	20	,378	14,121
Ramsey Elementary	33,	722	77,359	74	,299	36,782
Dalton Elementary	18,	945	29,101	29	,064	18,982
Fernan Elementary	16,	993	19,011	17	,087	18,917
Borah Elementary	23,	708	19,590	19	,582	23,716
Winton Elementary	21,	138	37,248	30	,607	27,779
Hayden Meadows Elementary	89,	857	80,022	78	,243	91,636
Hayden Kinder Center	12,	151	-	12	2,151	-
Skyway Elementary	27,	746	44,746	26	,463	46,029
Lakes Middle School	89,	253	80,105	78	,055	91,303
Canfield Middle School	94,	553	75,516	81	,722	88,347
Woodland Middle School	39,	249	78,402	76	,591	41,060
CDA High School	196,	604	737,868	695	,957	238,515
Lake City High School	247,	372	856,771	800	,553	303,590
Atlas Elementary	26,	052	19,106	20	,712	24,446
Venture (formerly Project CDA)	13,	210	9,014	8	,465	13,759
	\$ 980,	736 \$	2,206,151	\$ 2,085	,094 \$	1,101,793





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh & Company, P.A.

November 10, 2016



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONCLUDED)

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh & Company, P.A.

November 10, 2016

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Fresh Fruit and Vegetable	10.553 10.555 10.559 10.582	826000811 00 826000811 00 826000811 00 826000811 00	\$ 300,306 2,139,120 111,815 66,030 2,617,271
Total Department of Agriculture			2,617,271
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR:			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Indian Education Assistance to Schools	15.130	826000811 00	4,465
Total Department of the Interior			4,465
INSTITUTION OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES			
Passed through Idaho Commission for Libraries:			
State Library Program	45.310	826000811 00	1,500
Total Institution of Museum and Library Services			1,500
US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title VI-B Special Education Cluster:	84.010	826000811 00	1,520,320
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	826000811 00	1,780,029
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	826000811 00	45,188
State Activities - Education of Homeless	84.196	826000811 00	22,599
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Center	84.287	826000811 00	256,913
Carl D. Perkins - Vocational Education Basic Grants	04.040	000000044 00	400.040
to States	84.048 84.367	826000811 00	108,018
Title II-A NCLB Teacher Quality	04.307	826000811 00	380,985
Total Department of Education			4,114,052
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 6,737,288

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271.

NOTE B: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Coeur d'Alene School District No. 271 has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C: FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District had received food commodities totaling \$319,953.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes	XNo
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es) Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? 		X None Reported
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes	XNo
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	Yes	X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major pr	rograms: Unqualified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	XNo
Identification of major programs:		
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Pro	gram or Cluster
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal P	rogram or Cluster
84.027 84.173	Title VI-B Special Ed Special Education C Special Education P	Grants to States
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Ed	ducational Agencies
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and ty	/pe B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X_Yes	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

<u>Section II. - Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in</u> Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

We noted no findings relating to the financial statement which are required in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

Section III. – Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

We noted no findings relating to the financial statement which are required in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

Section IV. - Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings Relating to Federal Awards

There were no findings relating to prior year audit findings relating to federal awards in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.